Test Report -Products



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Client: GUANGZHOU TRAUST ENVIR. AND TECH CO., LTD.

Contact Information: No. 4 Xingda Road, Zhongxing Industrial Zone, Pingshan, Shibi, Panyu

District, P. R. China

Test item(s): 23 materials

Identification/ STAINLESS STEEL#201, STAINLESS STEEL#304, STAINLESS

Model No(s): STEEL#410, GALVAINZED BIN, PVC PLATES, PLASTIC, RUBBER,

STEEL, VELVET ROPE, SNAP ENDS, CAST IRON BASE, ALUMINUM, PICEA SP, PP, PLASTIC WOOD, TWISTED ROPE, CONCRETE

BASE, POLYESTER FABRIC WEBBING

Condition at delivery: Test item complete and undamaged.

 Sample Receiving date:
 2021-07-16, 2021-08-09

 Testing Period:
 2021-08-10 - 2021-09-03

Place of testing: Chemical laboratory Guangzhou

Test Specification:

Please refer to "Test Result Summary List" on page 2 for details

Other information:

Country of origin: China

According to customer's requirement, only the appointed materials have been tested.

For and on behalf of

TÜV Rheinland (Guangdong) Ltd.

2021-09-14 Brook Zheng / Assistant Project Manager

Date Name/Position

Sample information is provided by customer. Test result is drawn according to the kind and extent of tests performed.

This test report relates to the above mentioned test sample. Without permission of the test center this test report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This test report does not entitle to carry any safety mark on this or similar products.

Decision Rule" document announced in our website (https://www.tuv.com/landingpage/en/qm-gcn/) describes the statement of conformity and its rule of enforcement for test results are applicable throughout this test report.



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Test Result Summary:

Test result: Test Specification: **Customer's requirement:** 1 Risk Assessment of Articles: Screening of substances of very high concern Please refer to page 4-(SVHC) subject to the candidate list by European Chemical Agency (ECHA) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments 2 Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)-REACH regulation (EC) No. **PASS** 1907/2006 with Amendment No. 552/2009 Annex XVII Item No. 50 and (EU) No.1272/2013 3 Total Cadmium Content in accordance to: REACH regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 PASS Annex XVII Item 23 and its amendments (EC) No. 552/2009, (EU) No.494/2011 and (EU) No. 835/2012 and (EU) No.217/2016. 4 REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, the last amendment (EU) 2015/628 **PASS** entry 63 of Annex XVII - Total Lead Content 5 Organotin compounds content according to REACH Regulation (EC) No. **PASS** 1907/2006 Annex XVII Item 20 and amendment Commission Regulation (EU) No. 276/2010 (formerly known as 2009/425/EC) 6 Banned azo dyes in accordance to REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and **PASS** amendment no. 552/2009 Annex XVII Item 43 (formerly known as 2002/61/EC) 7 Flame retardants content **PASS** 8 NP and NPEO content - according to REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 **PASS** Annex XVII Entry 46 and 46a and amendments 9 Pentachlorophenol (PCP), Tetrachlorophenol (TeCP) & Trichlorophenol (TriCP) **PASS** 10 REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and its amendment regulations on Annex PASS XVII entry 51 and entry 52 : Phthalates



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Material List:

Item:

STAINLESS STEEL#201, STAINLESS STEEL#304, STAINLESS STEEL#410, GALVAINZED BIN, PVC PLATES, PLASTIC, RUBBER, STEEL, VELVET ROPE, SNAP ENDS, CAST IRON BASE, ALUMINUM, PICEA SP, PP, PLASTIC WOOD, TWISTED ROPE, CONCRETE BASE, POLYESTER FABRIC WEBBING

Material No.	Material	Color	Location
A001	Metal	silvery	Refer to photo
A002	Metal	silvery	Refer to photo
A003	Metal	silvery	Refer to photo
A004	Metal + plating	silver-grey	Refer to photo
A005	Plastic	white	Refer to photo
A006	Plastic	black	Refer to photo
A007	Textile	red	Refer to photo
800A	Plastic	black	Refer to photo
A009	Metal + coating	silvery/ black	Refer to photo
A009a	Coating	black	Refer to photo
A009b	Metal	silvery	Refer to photo
A010	Metal + plating	silvery/ black	Refer to photo
A011	Textile	red	Refer to photo
A012	Metal + plating	silvery	Refer to photo
A013	Textile	beige	Refer to photo
A014	Wood + coating	brown/ red	Refer to photo
A014a	Coating	red	Refer to photo
A014b	Wood	brown	Refer to photo
A015	Plastic	grey	Refer to photo
A016	Metal	grey	Refer to photo
A017	Textile	black	Refer to photo
A018	Plastic	brown	Refer to photo
A019	Concrete	grey	Refer to photo



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 Screening of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) subject to the Candidate List by European Chemical Agency (ECHA) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments.

Conclusion:

	Conclusion							
Product Location	Acc. to Screening of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) in Candidate List for authorization published by European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments, the detected SVHC concentration in components level is	Obligation of Importer (*) (For article)	Detected Substance (if any)					
All tested articles (exclude A008)	< 0.1%	Not necessary	No SVHCs more than 0.1% in article					

(For article)

- (*) To communicate information down the supply chain according to article. 33 of REACH. OR
- 1. Notification to ECHA, if the quantities of SVHC in the produced/imported articles are above 1 ton in total per year per company.
- 2. Provide sufficient information to ensure safe use of the article and, as a minimum, include the name of the substance, to their customers and on request to consumers within 45 days of the receipt of this request.

(For preparation / preparation in special container)

Provide a safety data sheet if the individual concentration is more than or equal to 0.1% (w/w) for non gaseous preparations, and more than or equal to 0.2% by volume for gaseous preparations if at least one substance poses human health and/or environmental hazards, persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic or very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

Test Results

Screening of substances of very high concern (SVHC) subject to the candidate list by European Chemical Agency (ECHA) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of REACH and its amendments.

Test Method:

- 1) SVOC: organic solvent extraction, determination by GC-MS/ECD
- 2) VOC: organic solvent extraction, determination by GC-MS
- 3) VVOC: headspace-GC/MS analysis
- 4) non-VOC: organic solvent extraction, determination by LC-MS/MS.
- 5) inorganics: acid digestion, determination by ICP-OES

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Test No.:	T001	T002	T003
Material No.:	A001 + A002 + A003 + A004 + A009 + A010 + A012 + A016	A005 + A006 + A008 + A015 + A018	A005
Result (%)	< RL	Phenanthrene, Fluoranthene, DEHP, MCCP(Please refer to the following separated results); Others: < RL	Separated results (Phenanthrene: <rl;fluoran thene:<rl;dehp:<rl;mcc P:<rl)< td=""></rl)<></rl;dehp:<rl;mcc </rl;fluoran
Test No.:	T004	T005	T006
103(140	1004		1000
Material No.:	A006	A015	A018
Result (%)			Separated results (Phenanthrene: <rl;fluoran thene:<rl;dehp:<rl;mcc P:0.02)</rl;dehp:<rl;mcc </rl;fluoran
Test No.:	T007	T008	
Material No.:	A007 + A011 + A013 + A014 + A017	A019	
Result (%)	<rl< td=""><td>< RL</td><td></td></rl<>	< RL	

Abbreviation: < = Less than

RL =Reporting Limit % =Percentage



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Remark:

(*1) The reporting limit for each individual SVHC in Candidate List by ECHA:

	Substance	CAS No.	Reporting Limit
1	4,4'- Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)	101-77-9	0.01%
2	Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP)	85-68-7	0.01%
3	Bis (2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (DEHP)	117-81-7	0.01%
4	Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	0.01%
5	Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD) and all major diastereoisomers identified: Alpha-hexabromocyclododecane Beta-hexabromocyclododecane Gamma-hexabromocyclododecane	25637-99-4 / 3194-55-6 / 134237-50-6 / 134237-51-7 / 134237-52-8	0.01%
6	5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene (Musk xylene)	81-15-2	0.01%
7	2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	121-14-2	0.01%
8	Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	84-69-5	0.01%
9	Tris(2-chloroethyl)phosphate	115-96-8	0.01%
10	Diarsenic pentaoxide (*2)	1303-28-2	0.01%
11	Diarsenic trioxide (*2)	1327-53-3	0.01%
12	Lead chromate (*2)(*3)	7758-97-6	0.01%
13	Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (C.I. Pigment Red 104) (*2)(*3)	12656-85-8	0.01%
14	Lead sulfochromate yellow (C.I. Pigment Yellow 34) (*2)	1344-37-2	0.01%
15	Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.01%
16	Chromium trioxide (*2)	1333-82-0	0.01%
17	Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers: Names of the acids and their oligomers: Chromic acid, Dichromic acid, Oligomers of chromic acid and dichromic acid. (*2)	7738-94-5 / 13530-68-2	0.01%
18	Sodium dichromate (*2)(*3)	7789-12-0 / 10588-01-9	0.01%
19	Potassium dichromate *2)(*3)	7778-50-9	0.01%
20	Ammonium dichromate (*2)(*3)	7789-09-5	0.01%
21	Potassium chromate (*2)(*3)	7789-00-6	0.01%
22	Sodium chromate (*2)(*3)	7775-11-3	0.01%
23	Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline (technical MDA) (*10)	25214-70-4	0.01%
24	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.01%
25	Bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether	111-96-6	0.01%
26	Arsenic acid (*2)	7778-39-4	0.01%
27	2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline (MOCA)	101-14-4	0.01%
28	Dichromium tris(chromate) (*2)(*3)	24613-89-6	0.01%
29	Strontium chromate (*2)(*3)	7789-06-2	0.01%
30	Potassium hydroxyoctaoxodizincatedichromate (*2)(*3)	11103-86-9	0.01%
31	Pentazinc chromate octahydroxide (*2)(*3)	49663-84-5	0.01%
32	1-bromopropane (n-propyl bromide)	106-94-5	0.01%
33	Diisopentylphthalate	605-50-5	0.01%
34	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-8-branched alkyl esters, C7-rich (DIHP)	71888-89-6	0.01%



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35	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C7-11-branched and linear alkyl esters (DHNUP)	68515-42-4	0.01%
36	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentylester, branched and linear	84777-06-0	0.01%
37	Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate	117-82-8	0.01%
38	Dipentyl phthalate (DPP)	131-18-0	0.01%
39	N-pentyl-isopentylphthalate	776297-69-9	0.01%
40	Anthracene oil (*6)	90640-80-5	0.01%(*7)
41	Pitch, coal tar, high temperature (*6)	65996-93-2	0.01%(*7)
42	4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol, ethoxylated (OPEO) [covering well-defined substances and UVCB substances, polymers and homologues]	-	0.01%
43	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	-	0.01%
44	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear	68515-50-4	0.01%
45	Dihexyl phthalate	84-75-3	0.01%
46	1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-10-alkyl esters; 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, mixed decyl and hexyl and octyl diesters with S 0.3% of dihexyl phthalate (EC No. 201-559-5)	68515-51-5 / 68648-93-1	0.01%
47	Trixylyl phosphate	25155-23-1	0.01%
48	Sodium perborate,perboric acid, sodium salt (*2) (*5)	-	0.01%
49	Sodium peroxometaborate (*2) (*5)	7632-04-4	0.01%
50	5-sec-butyl-2-(2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3-dioxane [1], 5-sec-butyl-2-(4,6-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3-dioxane [2] [covering any of the individual stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or any combination thereof]	-	0.01%
51	2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV-328)	25973-55-1	0.01%
52	2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)phenol (UV-327)	3864-99-1	0.01%
53	2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(tert-butyl)-6-(sec-butyl)phenol (UV-350)	36437-37-3	0.01%
54	2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-di-tert-butylphenol (UV-320)	3846-71-7	0.01%
55	Anthracene	120-12-7	0.01%
56	Bis(tributyltin) oxide (TBTO) (*4)	56-35-9	0.01%
57	Triethyl arsenate (*2)	15606-95-8	0.01%
58	Lead hydrogen arsenate (*2)	7784-40-9	0.01%
59	Cobalt dichloride (*2)	7646-79-9	0.01%
60	Acrylamide	79-06-1	0.01%
61	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, distn. lights (*6)	91995-17-4	
62	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, anthracene fraction (*6)	91995-15-2	
63	Anthracene oil, anthracene-low (*6)	90640-82-7	0.01% (*7)
64	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste (*6)	90640-81-6	. ,
65	Boric acid (*2) (*5)	10043-35-3 / 11113-50-1	0.01%
66	Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous (*2) (*5)	1303-96-4 / 1330-43-4 / 12179- 04-3	0.01%

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67	Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide, hydrate (*2) (*5)	12267-73-1	0.01%
68	2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	0.01%
69	2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	0.01%
70	Cobalt(II) sulphate (*2)	10124-43-3	0.01%
71	Cobalt(II) dinitrate (*2)	10141-05-6	0.01%
72	Cobalt(II) carbonate (*2)	513-79-1	0.01%
73	Cobalt(II) diacetate (*2)	71-48-7	0.01%
74	Alkanes C10-C13, chloro (Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins) (SCCP)	85535-84-8	0.01%
75	2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	111-15-9	0.01%
76	Hydrazine	302-01-2 / 7803-57-8	0.01%
77	1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP)	872-50-4	0.01%
78	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.01%
79	Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres (RCF) (*8)	-	0.01%
80	Zirconia Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres (Zr-RCF) (*8)	-	0.01%
81	2-Methoxyaniline,o-Anisidine	90-04-0	0.01%
82	4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	140-66-9	0.01%
83	Calcium arsenate (*2)	7778-44-1	0.01%
84	Trilead diarsenate (*2)	3687-31-8	
85	N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC)	127-19-5	0.01%
86	Phenolphthalein	77-09-8	0.01%
87	Lead dipicrate (*2)	6477-64-1	0.01%
88	Lead diazide, Lead azide (*2)	13424-46-9	0.01%
89	Lead styphnate (*2)	15245-44-0	0.01%
90	1,2-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)ethane (TEGDME,triglyme)	112-49-2	0.01%
91	1,2-dimethoxyethane,ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME)	110-71-4	0.01%
92	Diboron trioxide (*2) (*5)	1303-86-2	0.01%
93	Formamide	75-12-7	0.01%
94	Lead(II) bis(methanesulfonate) (*2)	17570-76-2	0.01%
95	1,3,5-Tris(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4,6-trione (TGIC)	2451-62-9	0.01%
96	1,3,5-tris[(2S and 2R)-2,3-epoxypropyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-(1H,3H,5H)-trione (p-TGIC)	59653-74-6	0.01%
97	4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)benzophenone (Michler's ketone), MK	90-94-8	0.01%
98	N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-4,4'-methylenedianiline (Michler's base), RMK	101-61-1	0.01%
99	[4-[[4-anilino-1-naphthyl]][4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene] cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene] dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Blue 26) [with S 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*2)	2580-56-5	
100	[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3) [with S 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*9)	548-62-9	0.01%
101	4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)-4"-(methylamino)trityl alcohol [with S 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*9)	561-41-1]
102	a,a-Bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-4 (phenylamino)naphthalene-1-methanol (C.I. Solvent Blue 4) [with S 0.1% of Michler's ketone (EC No. 202-027-5) or Michler's base (EC No. 202-959-2)] (*9)	6786-83-0	



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103	Bis(pentabromophenyl) ether (decabromodiphenyl ether) (DecaBDE)	1163-19-5	0.01%
104	Pentacosafluorotridecanoic acid	72629-94-8	0.01%
105	Tricosafluorododecanoic acid	307-55-1	0.01%
106	Henicosafluoroundecanoic acid	2058-94-8	0.01%
107	Heptacosafluorotetradecanoic acid	376-06-7	0.01%
108	Diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide (C,C'-azodi(formamide)) (ADCA) (*11)	123-77-3	0.05%
109	Cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [1], cis-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [2], trans-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [3] [The individual cis- [2] and trans- [3] isomer substances and all possible combinations of the cis- and trans-isomers [1] are covered by this entry]	85-42-7 / 13149-00-3 / 14166-21-3	0.01%
110	Hexahydromethylphthalic anhydride (MHHPA) [1], Hexahydro-4-methylphthalic anhydride [2], Hexahydro-1-methylphthalic anhydride [3], Hexahydro-3-methylphthalic anhydride [4] [The individual isomers [2], [3] and [4] (including their cis- and trans- stereo isomeric forms) and all possible combinations of the isomers [1] are covered by this entry]	25550-51-0 / 19438-60-9 / 48122-14-1 / 57110-29-9	0.01%
111	N,N-dimethylformamide	68-12-2	0.01%
112	1,2-Diethoxyethane	629-14-1	0.01%
113	Diethyl sulphate	64-67-5	0.01%
114	Methoxyacetic acid (MAA)	625-45-6	0.01%
115	Dimethyl sulphate	77-78-1	0.01%
116	N-methylacetamide	79-16-3	0.01%
117	Furan	110-00-9	0.01%
118	Methyloxirane (Propylene oxide)	75-56-9	0.01%
119	3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	143860-04-2	0.01%
120	Dibutyltin dichloride (DBTC) (*15)	683-18-1	0.01%
121	Dinoseb (6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophenol)	88-85-7	0.01%
122	4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine	838-88-0	0.01%
123	4,4'-oxydianiline and its salts	101-80-4	0.01%
124	4-Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3	0.01%
125	4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine (toluene-2,4-diamine)	95-80-7	0.01%
126	6-methoxy-m-toluidine (p-cresidine)	120-71-8	0.01%
127	Biphenyl-4-ylamine	92-67-1	0.01%
128	o-aminoazotoluene	97-56-3	0.01%
129	o-Toluidine	95-53-4	0.01%
130	Acetic acid, lead salt, basic (*2)	51404-69-4	0.01%
131	Trilead bis(carbonate) dihydroxide (*2)	1319-46-6	0.01%
132	Lead oxide sulfate (*2)	12036-76-9	0.01%
133	[Phthalato(2-)]dioxotrilead (*2)	69011-06-9	0.01%
134	Dioxobis(stearato)trilead (*2)	12578-12-0	0.01%
135	Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts (*2)	91031-62-8	0.01%
136	Lead bis(tetrafluoroborate) (*2)	13814-96-5	0.01%
137	Lead cyanamidate (*2)	20837-86-9	0.01%
138	Lead dinitrate (*2)	10099-74-8	0.01%
139	Lead monoxide (lead oxide) (*2)	1317-36-8	0.01%
140	Orange lead (lead tetroxide) (*2)	1314-41-6	0.01%



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141	Lead titanium trioxide (*2)	12060-00-3	0.01%
142	Lead titanium zirconium oxide (*2)	12626-81-2	0.01%
143	Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow (*2)	8012-00-8	0.01%
144	Pentalead tetraoxide sulphate (*2)	12065-90-6	0.01%
145	Silicic acid (H2Si2O5), barium salt (1:1), lead-doped [with lead (Pb) content above the applicable generic concentration limit for 'toxicity for reproduction' Repr. 1A (CLP) or category 1 (DSD), the substance is a member of the group entry of lead compounds, with index number 082-001-00-6 in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008] (*2)	68784-75-8	0.01%
146	Silicic acid, lead salt (*2)	11120-22-2	0.01%
147	Sulfurous acid, lead salt, dibasic (*2)	62229-08-7	0.01%
148	Tetraethyllead (*2)	78-00-2	0.01%
149	Tetralead trioxide sulphate (*2)	12202-17-4	0.01%
150	Trilead dioxide phosphonate (*2)	12141-20-7	0.01%
151	Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO) (*12)	3825-26-1	0.01%
152	Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	335-67-1	0.01%
153	Cadmium (*2)	7440-43-9	0.01%
154	Cadmium oxide (*2)	1306-19-0	0.01%
155	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear, ethoxylated (NPEO) [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, ethoxylated covering UVCB- and well-defined substances, polymers and homologues, which include any of the individual isomers and/or combinations thereof]	-	0.01%
156	Imidazolidine-2-thione; (2-imidazoline-2-thiol)	96-45-7	0.01%
157	Disodium 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis(4-aminonaphthalene-1-sulphonate) (C.I. Direct Red 28)	573-58-0	0.01%
158	Disodium 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diaminophenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)naphthalene-2,7-disulphonate (C.I. Direct Black 38)	1937-37-7	0.01%
159	Lead di(acetate) (*2)	301-04-2	0.01%
160	Cadmium sulphide (*2)	1306-23-6	0.01%
161	Cadmium chloride (*2)	10108-64-2	0.01%
62	Cadmium fluoride (*2)	7790-79-6	0.01%
63	Cadmium sulphate (*2)	10124-36-4 / 31119-53-6	0.01%
164	2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (DOTE) (*13)	15571-58-1	0.01%
165	Reaction mass of 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate and 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]-4-octyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (reaction mass of DOTE and MOTE) (*14)	-	0.01%
166	1,3-propanesultone	1120-71-4	0.01%
167	Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.01%
168	Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid and its sodium and ammonium salts	375-95-1 21049-39-8 4149-60-4	0.01%
69	Benzo[def]chrysene (Benzo[a]pyrene)	50-32-8	0.01%
170	4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (bisphenol A)	80-05-7	0.01%
171	Nonadecafluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) and its sodium and ammonium salts	335-76-2 3830-45-3 3108-42-7	0.01%
172	4-heptylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 7 covalently bound predominantly in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	-	0.01%



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173 p-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenol	80-46-6	0.01%
Perfluorohexane-1-sulfonic acid and its salts (PFHxS)	-	0.01%
175 Chrysene	218-01-9	0.01%
176 Benzo[a]anthracene	56-55-3	0.01%
177 Cadmium nitrate(*2)	10325-94-7	0.01%
178 Cadmium hydroxide(*2)	21041-95-2	0.01%
179 Cadmium carbonate(*2)	513-78-0	0.01%
1,6,7,8,9,14,15,16,17,17,18,18- Dodecachloropentacyclo [12.2.1.16,9.02,13.05,10]octadeca-7,15-diene ("Dechlorane Plus"TM) [co any of its individual anti- and syn-isomers or any combination thereof]	vering -	0.01%
Reaction products of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde an heptylphenol, branched and linear (RP-HP) [with S0.1% w/w 4-heptylphe branched and linear]	d 4- nol, -	0.01%
Benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2 anhydride (trimellitic anhydride, TMA	552-30-7	0.01%
83 Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP)	84-61-7	0.01%
84 Terphenyl, hydrogenated	61788-32-7	0.01%
85 Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4)	556-67-2	0.01%
86 Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5)	541-02-6	0.01%
87 Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (D6)	540-97-6	0.01%
88 Ethylenediamine (EDA)	107-15-3	0.01%
89 Lead	7439-92-1	0.01%
90 Disodium octaborate (*2)(*5)	12008-41-2	0.01%
91 Benzo[ghi]perylene	191-24-2	0.01%
92 2,2-bis(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-4-methylpentane	6807-17-6	0.01%
93 Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.01%
94 Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.01%
95 Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.01%
96 Pyrene	129-00-0	0.01%
97 1,7,7-trimethyl-3-(phenylmethylene)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan- 2-one	15087-24-8	0.01%
98 2-methoxyethyl acetate	110-49-6	0.01%
Tris(4-nonylphenyl, branched and linear) phosphite (TNPP) with S 0.1% v-nonylphenol, branched and linear (4-NP)	-	0.01%
2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propionic acid, its salts and its a halides (covering any of their individual isomers and combinations thereo		0.01%
01 4-tert-butylphenol	98-54-4	0.01%
02 Diisohexyl phthalate (DiHexP)	71850-09-4	0.01%
2-benzyl-2-dimethylamino-4'-morpholinobutyrophenone	119313-12-1	0.01%
2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one	71868-10-5	0.01%
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS) and its salts	-	0.01%
06 1-vinylimidazole	1072-63-5	0.01%
2-methylimidazole	693-98-1	0.01%
Butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	94-26-8	0.01%
Dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin(*15)	22673-19-4	0.01%
210 Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)ether	143-24-8	0.01%
Dioctyltin dilaurate, stannane, dioctyl-, bis(coco acyloxy) derivs., and any stannane, dioctyl-, bis(fatty acyloxy) derivs. wherein C12 is the predominal carbon number of the fatty acyloxy moiety (*13)	other	0.01%
212 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde and its individual stereoisomers	_	0.01%



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213	Orthoboric acid, sodium salt (*2) (*5)	13840-56-7	0.01%	
214	2,2-bis(bromomethyl)propane1,3-diol (BMP) 2,2-dimethylpropan-1-ol, tribromo derivative/3-bromo-2,2-bis(bromomethyl)-1- propanol (TBNPA) 2,3-dibromo-1-propanol (2,3-DBPA)	3296-90-0 / 36483-57-5 / 1522-92-5 / 96-13-9	0.01%	
215	Glutaral	111-30-8	0.01%	
216	Medium-chain chlorinated paraffins (MCCP) [UVCB substances consisting of more than or equal to 80% linear chloroalkanes with carbon chain lengths within the range from C14 to C17]	-	0.01%	
217	Phenol, alkylation products (mainly in para position) with C12-rich branched or linear alkyl chains from oligomerisation, covering any individual isomers and/ or combinations thereof (PDDP)	-	0.01%	
218	1,4-dioxane	123-91-1	0.01%	
219	4,4'-(1-methylpropylidene)bisphenol	77-40-7	0.01%	

Remark:

- (*2) The substances are tested and calculated in terms of its respective elements and to the worst-case scenario. The report states the theoretical value of SVHC substances without consideration of the actual occurrence in the article.
- (*3) The substances are tested and calculated in terms of Cr (VI).
- (*4) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Tributyl tin.
- (*5) The substances are confirmed and tested in terms of borate and the borate may come from the compounds other than SVHCs.
- (*6) The substances are UVCB (substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials), which are identified by its main constituents.
- (*7) Individual concentrations to the constituent of UVCB with an amount of < 0.01% were not considered by the calculation of the sum.
- (*8) The test results are based on microscopic and chemical evaluation.
- (*9) The substances are quantified in terms of Michler's ketone and Michler's base by LC-MS, as Michler's ketone or Michler's base was found exceeds 0.01%.
- (*10) The content oligomer is determined by Py-GC/MS.
- (*11) The content of diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide is analyzed in terms of its breakdown product.
- (*12) The substance is tested in terms of pentadecafluorooctanoate.
- (*13) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Dioctyl tin.
- (*14) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Monooctyl tin and Dioctyl tin.
- (*15) The substance is tested and calculated in terms of Dibutyl tin
- (*16) The tested material(s) was screened only for selected SVHCs. Selection of tests refers to the material type and application and the possibility of contamination during production & material specific contamination of the product.
- (*17) The other SVHCs which are not mentioned in test result were either not subject to testing according to remark *16 or not detected.

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2. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Test Method: Organic solvent extraction, GCMS

	T001	T002	T003				
	Material No.						
Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result	Result	Result
Benzo[a]anthracene (BaA)	56-55-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Benzo[a]pyrene(BaP)	50-32-8	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Benzo[b]fluoranthene (BbFA)	205-99-2	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Benzo[k]fluoranthene (BkFA)	207-08-9	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Benzo[j]fluoranthene (BjFA)	205-82-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Benzo[e]pyrene (BeP)	192-97-2	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Chrysene (CHR)	218-01-9	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene (DBAhA)	53-70-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	< RL	< RL

Test No.						
				Material No.	A015 + A018	
Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result	
Benzo[a]anthracene (BaA)	56-55-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Benzo[a]pyrene(BaP)	50-32-8	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene (BbFA)	205-99-2	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene (BkFA)	207-08-9	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Benzo[j]fluoranthene (BjFA)	205-82-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Benzo[e]pyrene (BeP)	192-97-2	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Chrysene (CHR)	218-01-9	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene (DBAhA)	53-70-3	mg/kg	0.2	1	< RL	

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit NA = Not Applicable

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram



Remark:

Requirement according to REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 with Amendment No. 552/2009 Annex XVII Item No. 50 and (EU) No.1272/2013, are summarized as below:

Scope	Parameter	Unit	Maximum permissible limit					
Articles with direct as well as prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with the human skin or the oralcavity, under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use ,made of plastic and rubber shall follow below limit:								
Such articles include amongst others:sport equipment such as bicycles, golf clubs, racquetshousehold utensils, trolleys, walking frames tools for domestic use clothing, footwear, gloves and sportswearwatch-straps, wrist-bands, masks, head-bands	Each of 8 listed PAHs	mg/kg	1					
Toys, including activity toys, and childcare articles	Each of 8 listed PAHs	mg/kg	0.5					



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3. Total Cadmium Content

Test Method: For plastic: EN 1122:2001 (method B)

For metal and other material: Acid digestion, analysised by AAS/ ICP-OES

Test Result:

Test No.	Material No.	Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Test Result
T001	A005 + A006 + A008	Cadmium	mg/kg	10	< RL
T002	A009a + A014a	Cadmium	mg/kg	10	< RL
T003	A015 + A018	Cadmium	mg/kg	10	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram



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Remark:

^{*} Regulations on Cadmium

		Maximum Permissible Limit						
EU	Legislation	Plastic materials	Paint (wet state)	Paint on the painted articles	Paint (high zinc content)	Metal parts of jewellery and imitation jewellery articles and hair assessories		
EC	REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Item 23 and its amendments (EC) No. 552/2009, (EU) No. 494/2011, (EU) No. 835/2012 and (EU) No. 217/2016.	100mg/kg	100mg/kg	1000mg/kg	1000mg/kg	100mg/kg		

		Maximum Permissible Limit		
Country	Legislation	Paint, plastic, plating/ coating of surface treatment		
Switzerland	Switzerland Chemikalien- Risikoreduktions-Verordnung- ChemRRV, 814.81, 18 May 2005	100mg/kg		



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4. Total Lead

Test Method: CPSC-CH-E1001-08.3, CPSC-CH-E1002-08.3 and CPSC-CH-E1003-09.1 (Microwave

method)

Test result:

Test No.	Material No.	Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Test Result
T001	A001 + A002 + A003	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T002	A004 + A009 + A009b	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T003	A005 + A006 + A008	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	0.002
T004	A007 + A011 + A013	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T005	A009a + A014a	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T006	A010 + A012 + A016	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T007	A015 + A018	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL
T008	A017	Lead Content	%	0.001	0.05	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit % = percentage



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Remark:

* Regulation on Lead:

Country	Legislation	Maximum Permissible Limit
EU	Paragraph 1-6 of Entry 63 of Annex XVII, REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006	For Jewellery, imitation jewellery, hair accessories, bracelets, necklaces, rings, piercing jewellery, wrist watches, wrist-wear, brooches and cufflinks and parts used for jewellery-making 0.05% (by weight of the individual part)
	Paragraph 7-10 of Entry 63 of Annex XVII, REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006	Articles supplied to the general public during normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use, be placed in the mouth by children 0.05% (by weight of the individual part) The limit shall not apply where it can be demonstrated that the rate of lead release from such an article or any such accessible part of an article, whether coated or uncoated, does not exceed 0,05 µg/cm² per hour (equivalent to 0,05 µg/g/h), and, for coated articles, that the coating is sufficient to ensure that this release rate is not exceeded for a period of at least two years of normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use of the article.



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5. Organotin compounds content

Test Method: Organic solvent extraction, GCMS

Ref. to ISO/TS 16179:2012

		T001	T002	T003		
			Material No.	A005 + A006 + A008	A007 + A011 + A013	A009a + A014a
Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result	Result	Result
TBT(Tributyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL	< RL
TPT(Triphenyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL	< RL
TOT(Trioctyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL	< RL
TCyT(Tricyclohexyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL	< RL
TPrT(Tripropyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL	< RL
Sum of Tin of tri- substituted organotins	%	NA	0.1	<rl< td=""><td><rl< td=""><td><rl< td=""></rl<></td></rl<></td></rl<>	<rl< td=""><td><rl< td=""></rl<></td></rl<>	<rl< td=""></rl<>
DBT(Dibutyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01	0.1	< RL	< RL	< RL
DOT(Dioctyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01	0.1	< RL	< RL	< RL

			Test No.	T004	T005
			Material No.	A015 + A018	A017
Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result	Result
TBT(Tributyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL
TPT(Triphenyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL
TOT(Trioctyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL
TCyT(Tricyclohexyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL
TPrT(Tripropyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01		< RL	< RL
Sum of Tin of tri- substituted organotins	%	NA	0.1	<rl< td=""><td><rl< td=""></rl<></td></rl<>	<rl< td=""></rl<>
DBT(Dibutyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01	0.1	< RL	< RL
DOT(Dioctyltin) by weight of tin	%	0.01	0.1	< RL	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit % = percentage NA = Not Applicable



Remark:

- Single components with an amount of <0.01% were not considered in the calculation of the sum. In the case of all five tri-substituted organities were not detected, the result is stated < RL
- The assessment for tri-substituted organotins is based on the sum of TBT, TPT, TOT, TCyT and TPrT by weight of tin only.
- *** According to REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Annex XVII Entry 20 and amendment Commission Regulation (EU) No. 276/2010 (formerly known as 2009/425/EC), organostannic compounds shall not be used or be placed on the market.

Type of organostannic compounds	Maximum Permissible Limit	Implementation date
Tri-substituted organostannic compounds, e.g. tributyltin (TBT) compounds and triphenyltin (TPT) compounds	0.1 % by weight of tin	1 July 2010
Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds in mixtures and articles for supply to the general public	0.1 % by weight of tin	1 January 2012 The below products will not be applicable until 1 January 2015: - one-component and two-component room temperature vulcanisation sealants (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealants) and adhesives, - paints and coatings containing DBT compounds as catalysts when applied on articles, - soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles whether by themselves or coextruded with hard PVC, - fabrics coated with PVC containing DBT compounds as stabilisers when intended for outdoor applications, - outdoor rainwater pipes, gutters and fittings, as well as covering material for roofing and facades
Dioctyltin (DOT) compounds - textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin, - gloves, - footwear or part of footwear intended to come into contact with the skin, - wall and floor coverings - childcare articles, - female hygiene products, - nappies, - two-component room temperature vulcanisation moulding kits (RTV-2 moulding kits)	0.1 % by weight of tin	1 January 2012

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6. Banned azo dyes

Test Method: Method 1 - EN ISO 14362-1:2017 (Textiles) (Buffer extraction)

Method 2 - EN ISO 14362-1:2017 (Textiles) (Xylene extraction)

Method 3 - ISO 17234-1:2015 (Leather)

Method 4 - EN ISO 14362-3:2017 (Textile, 4-aminoazobenzene confirmation) Method 5 - ISO 17234-2:2011 (Leather, 4-aminoazobenzene confirmation)

Test Results:

					Material No.	A007 + A011 + A017	
					Test No.	T001-1 Method 1	T001-2 Method 2
		Method No. A22 Confirmation Method No.					
ID	Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result	Result
A1	4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A2	Benzidine	92-87-5	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A3	4-Chloro-o-toluidine	95-69-2	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A4	2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A5*	o-Aminoazotoluene	97-56-3	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A6*	5-nitro-o-toluidine / 2-Amino-4- nitrotoluene	99-55-8	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A7	4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A8	4-methoxy-m-phenylenediamine / 2,4-Diaminoanisole	615-05-4	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A9	4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane	101-77-9	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A10	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A11	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A12	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A13	4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine / 3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'- diaminodiphenylmethane	838-88-0	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A14	p-Cresidine	120-71-8	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A15	4,4'-Methylene-bis-(2- chloroaniline)	101-14-4	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A16	4,4'-Oxydianiline	101-80-4	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A17	4,4'-Thiodianiline	139-65-1	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A18	o-Toluidine	95-53-4	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A19	4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine / 2,4-Toluylendiamine	95-80-7	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A20	2,4,5-Trimethylaniline	137-17-7	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A21	O-Anisidine	90-04-0	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
A22**	4-Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3	mg/kg	5	30	< RL	< RL
Conclus	sion					Pass	Pass

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram



Remark:

- The CAS-number 97-56-3 (A5) and 99-55-8 (A6) are further reduced to CAS-number 95-53-4 (A18) and 95-80-7 (A19).
- ** Azo colorants that are able to form 4-aminoazobenzene (A22) CAS-number 60-09-3, generate under the condition of this method Aniline (CAS-number 62-53-3) and 1,4-phenylenediamine (CAS-number 106-50-3.)
- Azo colorants that are able to form 4-aminoazobenzene (A22), is confirmed by EN ISO 14362-3:2017 / ISO 17234-2:2011.
- Azo colorants are detected & quantified by GC/MS and confirmed by HPLC/DAD or HPLC/MSMS.
- According to REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and amendment no. 552/2009 and (EU) 2020/2096 Annex XVII Entry 43, azodyes which, by reductive cleavage of one or more azo groups, may release one or more of A1 A22, in concentrations above 30 mg/kg (0,003 % by weight) in the articles or in the dyed parts thereof shall not be used, in textile and leather articles which may come into direct and prolonged contact with the human skin or oral cavity



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7. Flame Retardants

Test Method: Organic solvent extraction, analyzed by GCMS & LCMS

				Test No.	T001	T002
	A007	A011				
Test Parameter	CAS No.	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result	Result
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	59536-65-1	mg/kg	5	Not Detected	< RL	< RL
Tris-(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate (TRIS)	126-72-7	mg/kg	5	Not Detected	< RL	< RL
Tris-aziridinyl phosphinoxide (TEPA)	545-55-1	mg/kg	5	Not Detected	< RL	< RL

				Test No.	T003			
Material No.:								
Test Parameter	CAS No.	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Result			
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	59536-65-1	mg/kg	5	Not Detected	< RL			
Tris-(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate (TRIS)	126-72-7	mg/kg	5	Not Detected	< RL			
Tris-aziridinyl phosphinoxide (TEPA)	545-55-1	mg/kg	5	Not Detected	< RL			

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

Remark:

List of PBBs

List of PBBs	
1	Bromobiphenyl
2	Dibromobiphenyl
3	Tribromobiphenyl
4	Tetrabromobiphenyl
5	Pentabromobipheny
6	Hexabromobiphenyl
7	Heptabromobiphenyl
8	Octabromobiphenyl
9	Nonabromobiphenyl
10	Decabromobiphenyl

According to REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and amendment no. 552/2009 Annex XVII, Item 4 of TRIS, Item 7 of TEPA and Item 8 of PBB shall not be used in textile articles, such as garments, undergarments and linen, intended to come into contact with the skin.



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8. Nonylphenol and Nonylphenolethoxylates

Test Method: NP and OP:

For Plastics- Organic solvent extraction, GCMS For Textiles- Organic solvent extraction, LC-MS

NPEO and OPEO:

Organic solvent extraction, LC-MS

Test Result:

Test No.	Material No.	Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Regulatory Requirement	Test Result
A007 +		Nonylphenol (NP)	mg/kg	5	1000	< RL
T001 A011 + A017	A011 + A017	Nonylphenolethoxylates (NPEO)	mg/kg	20	100	< RL
T002	A013	Nonylphenol (NP)	mg/kg	5	1000	< RL
		Nonylphenolethoxylates (NPEO)	mg/kg	20	100	< RL

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

Remark:

- * The requirement is following REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and amendment no. 552/2009 Annex XVII Item 46 (formerly known as 2003/53/EC)
 - (1) Industrial and institutional cleaning;
 - (2) Domestic cleaning;
 - (3) Textiles and leather processing;
 - (4) Emulsifier in agricultural teat dips;
 - (5) Metal working;
 - (6) Manufacturing of pulp and paper;
 - (7) Cosmetic products;
 - (8) Other personal care products;
 - (9) Co-formulants in pesticides and biocides.
- The requirement is following REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and amendment no. 552/2009 and (EU) 2016/26 Annex XVII Entry 46a:

Nonylphenol ethoxylates shall not be placed on the market after 3 February 2021 in textile articles which can reasonably be expected to be washed in water during their normal lifecycle, in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of that textile article or of each part of the textile article.

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9. Pentachlorophenol (PCP), Tetrachlorophenol (TeCP) & Trichlorophenol (TriCP)

Test Method: Ref. to 64 LFGB B 82.02-8: 2001

#Ref. to ISO 17070:2015

Test Result:

Test No.	Material No.	Test Parameter	Unit	RL	Customer's Requirement	Test Result	Conclusion
		Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	mg/kg	0.1	5	< RL	
T001	A014b	Tetrachlorophenol (TeCP)	mg/kg	0.1	5	< RL	PASS
		Trichlorophenol (TriCP)	mg/kg	0.1	5	< RL	

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram



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10. Phthalates content

Test Method: Ref. to CPSC-CH-C1001-09.4

Test Result:

Test No.				T001	T002	T003
Material No.			A005	A006	A009a	
Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Result	Result	Result
Diethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP)	117-81-7	%	0.005	< RL	< RL	< RL
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	%	0.005	< RL	< RL	0.006
Benzylbutyl phthalate (BBP)	85-68-7	%	0.005	< RL	< RL	< RL
Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	84-69-5	%	0.005	< RL	< RL	0.058
Sum (DEHP+DBP+BBP+DIBP)	-	%	0.005	<rl< td=""><td><rl< td=""><td>0.064</td></rl<></td></rl<>	<rl< td=""><td>0.064</td></rl<>	0.064
Diisononyl phthalate (DINP)	28553-12-0, 68515-48-0	%	0.005	0.015	< RL	0.019
Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP)	26761-40-0, 68515-49-1	%	0.005	< RL	< RL	< RL
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP)	117-84-0	%	0.005	< RL	< RL	< RL
Sum (DINP+ DIDP+ DNOP)		%	0.005	0.015	< RL	0.019
Conclusion: REACH regulation (EC) No. amendment regulations on Annex XVII 6	Pass	Pass	Pass			

	T004	T005					
	A014a	A015 + A018					
Test Parameter	CAS NO	Unit	RL	Result	Result		
Diethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP)	117-81-7	%	0.005	< RL	0.006		
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	84-74-2	%	0.005	< RL	< RL		
Benzylbutyl phthalate (BBP)	85-68-7	%	0.005	< RL	< RL		
Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	84-69-5	%	0.005	< RL	< RL		
Sum (DEHP+DBP+BBP+DIBP)	-	%	0.005	<rl< td=""><td>0.006</td></rl<>	0.006		
Diisononyl phthalate (DINP)	28553-12-0, 68515-48-0	%	0.005	0.006	< RL		
Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP)	26761-40-0, 68515-49-1	%	0.005	< RL	< RL		
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP)	117-84-0	%	0.005	< RL	< RL		
Sum (DINP+ DIDP+ DNOP)		%	0.005	0.006	< RL		
Conclusion: REACH regulation (EC) No amendment regulations on Annex XVII 6	Pass	Pass					

Abbreviation: < = less than

RL = Reporting Limit % = percentage



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 Requirement of REACH regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and its amendment regulations on Annex XVII entries 51 and 52:

Parameter	Unit	Maximum Permissible Limit					
Plasticised materials in toys and childcare articles, or other articles# place on the market;							
Diethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP) Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) Benzylbutyl phthalate (BBP) Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	%	0.1 (individually or sum of the four phthalates) Effective after 7 July 2020.					
Plasticised materials in children's toy and childcare articles which can be placed in the mouth by children:							
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP) Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP) Diisononyl phthalate (DINP)	%	0.1 (sum of the three phthalates)					

Denote:

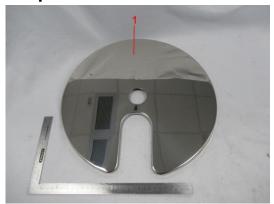
Examples of articles that are excluded from the restriction

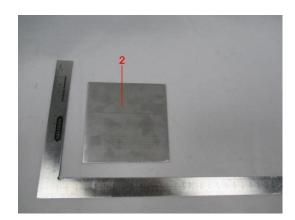
- Articles exclusively for industrial / agricultural use / use in open air, provided that no plasticised material comes into contact with human mucous membranes or into prolonged contact with human skin (i.e. Continuous contact of more than 10 minutes duration or intermittent contact over a period of 30 minutes, per day.)
- 2) Aircraft and motor vehicles (Directive 2007/46/EC) placed on the market before 7 January 2024, or articles for use exclusively in the maintenance or repair of them
- 3) Measuring devices for laboratory use;
- 4) Food contact material and articles within the scope of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004 or Commission Regulation (EU) No 10/2011
- 5) Medical devices (Directive 90/385/EEC, 93/42/EEC or 98/79/EC)
- 6) Electrical and electronic equipment within the scope of Directive 2011/65/EU
- Immediate packaging of medicinal products (Regulation (EC) No 726/2004, Directive 2001/82/EC or Directive 2001/83/EC)
- Single component with an amount below reporting limit was not considered by the calculation of the sum. In the case of all phthalates were not detected, the result is stated < RL



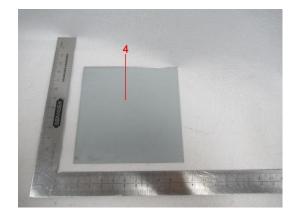
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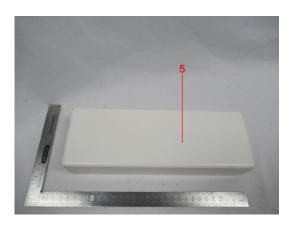
Sample Photos











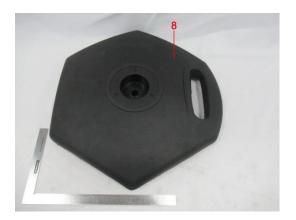


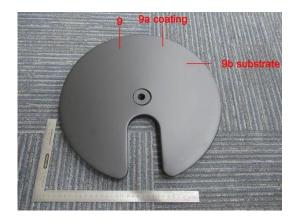


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Sample Photos









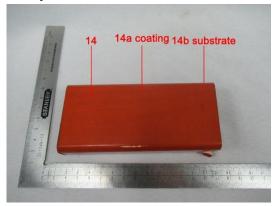




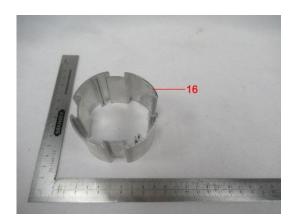


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Sample Photos













General Terms and Conditions of Business of TÜV Rheinland in Greater China

- These General Terms and Conditions of Business of TÜV Rheinland in Greater China ("GTCB") in made between the client and one or more member entities of TÜV Rheinland in Greater China a applicable as the case may be ("TÜV Rheinland"). The Greater China hereof refers to Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. The client hereof includes.
- a natural person capable to form legally binding contracts under the applicable laws who concludes the contract not for the purpose of a daily use;
- the incorporated or unincorporated entity duly organized, validly existing and capable to form legally binding contracts under the applicable law.
- The following terms and conditions apply to agreed services including consultancy services, information, deliveries and similar services as well as ancillary services and other secondary obligations provided within the scope of contract performance.
- Any standard terms and conditions of the client of any nature shall not apply and shall hereby be expressly excluded. No standard contractual terms and conditions of the client shall form part of the contract even if TUV Rheinland does not explicitly object to them.
- In the context of an ongoing business relationship with the client, this GTCB shall also apply to future contracts with the client without TÜV Rheinland having to refer to them separately in each individua

Unless otherwise agreed, all quotations submitted by TÜV Rheinland can be changed by TÜV Rheinland without notice prior to its acceptance and confirmation by the other party.

- The contract shall come into effect for the agreed terms upon the quotation letter of TUV. Resistant or a separate contractual document being signed by their contractual ordinates he being spared by the contractual ordinates. TuV Reheland, class the contract to the class the contract to the contract to the contract to the contract to the class the contract to the
- 3.2 The contract term starts upon the coming into effect of the contract in accordance with article 3.1 ark shall continue for the term agreed in the contract.
- If the contract provides for an extension of the contract term, the contract term will be extended by the term provided for in the contract unless terminated in writing by either party with a six-weel notice prior to the end of the contractual term.

- The scope and type of the services to be provided by TUV Rheinland shall be specified in the contractually agreed service scope of TUV Rheinland by both parties. If no such separate service scope of TUV Rheinland exists, then the written confirmation of order by TUV Rheinland shall be decisive for the service to be provided.
- The agreed services shall be performed in compliance with the regulations in force at the time the contract is entered into.
- TÜV Rheinland is entitled to determine, in its sole discretion, the method and nature of the assessment unless otherwise agreed in writing or if mandatory provisions require a specific properly re he followed:
- On execution of the work there shall be no simultaneous assumption of any guarantee of the correctness (proper quality) and working order of either tested or examined parts nor of the installation as a whole and its updersteam andire downstream processes, organisations, use and application in accordance with regulations, nor of the systems on which the installation is based, if the particular, TUN Pheniatinal shall assume no responsibility for the construction, selection of materials and assentity of installations examined, nor for their use and application in accordance with regulations, unless these questions are expressly covered by thecontract.
- In the case of inspection work, TÜV Rheinland shall not be responsible for the accuracy or checking of the safety programmes or safety regulations on which the inspections are based, unless otherwist expressly agreed in writing.
- The services to be provided by TDV Rheinland under the contract are agreed exclusively with the client. A contract of third parties with the services of TDV Rheinland, as well as making available or and justifying confloree in the work results (test reports, test results, sepert reports, etc.) is also applies if the client passes on work results in full or in extracts it third parties in accordance with clause 11.4.

- The contractually agreed periods/dates of performance are based on estimates of the work involved which are prepared in line with the details provided by the client. They shall only be binding if being confirmed as binding by TUV Pheinland in writing.
- f binding periods of performance have been agreed, these periods shall not commence until the client has submitted all required documents to TÜV Rheinland.
- Articles 5.1 and 5.2 also apply, even without express approval by the client, to all extensions or agreed periods/dates of performance not caused by TÜV Rheinland.
- TÜV Rheinland is not responsible for a delay in performance, in particular if the client has not fulfiller his duties to cooperate in accordance with clause 6.1 or has not done so in time and, in particular has not provided TÜV Rheinland with all documents and information required for the performance o the service as specified in the contract.
- If the performance of TÜV Rheinland is delayed due to unforeseeable circumstances such as forci majeure, strikes, business disruptions, governmental regulations, transport obstacles, etc. TÜP Rheinland is entitled to postpone performance for a reasonable period of time which corresponds a least to the duration of the hindrance plus any time period which may be required to resum:

The client's obligation to cooperate

- The client shall guarantee that all cooperation required on its part, its agents or third parties will be provided in good time and at no cost to TÜVRheinland.
- Design documents, supplies, auxiliary staff, etc. necessary for performance of the services shall be made available free of charge by the client. Moreover, collaborative action of the client must be undertaken in accordance with legal provisions, standards, safety regulations and accident prevention instructions. And the client represents and warrants that:
- a) it has required statutory qualifications:
- b) the product, service or management system to be certified complies with applicable laws and regulations; and
- it doesn't have any illegal and dishonest behaviours or is not included in the list of Enterprises with Serious Illegal and Dishonest Acts of People's Republic of China.
- he client breaches the aforesaid representations and warranties, TÜV Rheinland is entitled to i immediately terminate the contract/order without prior notice; and ii) withdraw the issued testing report/certificates if any.
- The client shall bear any additional cost incurred on account of work having to be redone or being delayed as a result of late, incorrect or incomplete information provided by or lack of proper cooperation from the client. Even where a fixed or maximum price is agreed, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to charge extra fees for such additional expense.

- If the scope of performance is not laid down in writing when the order is placed, invoicing shall be 12, based on costs actually incurred. If no price is agreed in writing, invoicing shall be made ir accordance with the price list of TUV Rheinland valid at the time of performance.
- Unless otherwise agreed, work shall be invoiced according to the progress of the work
- if the execution of an order extends over more than one month and the value of the contract or the agreed fixed price exceeds £2,500.00 or equivalent value in local currency, TÜV Rheinland may demand payments on account or in instalments

- All invoice amounts shall be due for payment without deduction on receipt of the invoice. Not discounts and rebates shall be granted.

 Payments shall be made to the bank account of TDV Rheinland as indicated on the invoice, stating the invoice and client numbers.
- In cases of default of payment, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to claim default interest at the applicable short term loan interest rate publicly announced by a reputable commercial bank in the country where TÜV Rheinland is located. At the same time, TÜV Rheinland reserves the right to claim further damages.
- Should the client default in payment of the invoice despite being granted a reasonable grace period TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to cancel the contract, withdraw the certificate, claim damages fo non-performance and refuse to continue performance of thecontract.
- The provisions set forth in article 8.4 shall also apply in cases involving returned cheques, cessatior of payment, commencement of insolvency proceedings against the client's assets or cases in which the commencement of insolvency proceedings has been dismissed due to lack of assets.
- Objections to the invoices of TÜV Rheinland shall be submitted in writing within two weeks of rec of the invoice.
- TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to demand appropriate advance payments.
- TOV Rheinland shall be entitled to raise its fees at the beginning of a morth if overheads and/o purchase costs have increased. In this case, TDV Rheinland shall notify the client in writing of the raise in fees. The redictions shall be issued one morth plot to the date on which the rise in fees. The redictions shall be issued one morth plot to the date on which the rise in fees. The redictions shall be issued one morth plot to the date on which the rise in fees are considered to the rediction of the rise in feet or contractual year, the client shall not have the right to terminate the contract. If the rise in feet exceeds 5% per contractual year, the client shall be entitled to terminate the contract by the most of the period of notice of changes in fees. If the contract is not terminated, the changed fees shall be deemed to have been agreed upon by the time of the expiry of the notice period.

 3.1.
- Only legally established and undisputed claims may be offset against claims by TÜV Rheinland.
- TÜV Rheinland shall have the right at all times to setoff any amount due or payable by the client including but not limited to setoff against any fees paid by the client under any contracts, agreemen and/or orders/quotations reached with TÜV Rheinland.

- Any part of the work result ordered which is complete in itself may be presented by TÜV Rheinlanc 14 for acceptance as an instalment. The client shall be obliged to accept it immediately.
- If acceptance is required or contractually agreed in an individual case, this shall be deemed to have taken place two (2) weeks after completion and handover of the work, unless the client refuses acceptance within this period stating at least one fundmental breach of contract by TÜV Rheinland.
 - The client is not entitled to refuse acceptance due to insignificant breach of contract by TŪV Rheinland
- If acceptance is excluded according to the nature of the work performance of TÜV Rheinland, the completion of the work shall take its place.
- During the Follow-Audit stage, if the client was unable to make use of the time windows provided fo within the scope of a certification procedure for auditospherformance by TLDY Tehnishand and the entitled to immediately charge a tump-sum compensation of 10% of the order amount as compensation for expenses. The client reserves the right to prove that the TLDY Rhenland has incurred to demange whatsoever or only a considerably over damage than the above lump sum.
- Insofar as the client has undertaken in the contract to accept services, TÜV Rheinland shall also be entitled to charge lump-sum damages in the amount of 10% of the order amount as compensation for expenses if the service is not called within one year after the order has been placed. The clien reserves the right to prove that the TÜV Rheinland has incurred no damage whatsoever or only a considerably lower damage than the above mentioned lumps sum.

- 10. Confidentiality
 10.1 For the purpose of these terms and conditions, "confidential information" means all know-how, trade secrets of comments, images, drawings, expertise, information, data, test results, reports, samples, project documents, pricing and financial information, castomer and supplier information, and marketing the continuation of the pricing and properties of the continuation of the pricing and properties of the pricing and project project
- All confidential information which the disclosing party transmits or otherwise discloses to the receiving party and which is created during performance of work by TÜV Rheinland:
 - may only be used by the receiving party for the purposes of performing the contract, unless expressly otherwise agreed in writing by the disclosing party;
 - may not be copied, distributed, published or otherwise disclosed by the receiving party, unless this is necessary for fulfilling the purpose of the contract or TÜV Rheinland is required to pass or confidential information, inspection reports or documentation to the government authorities, judicia court, accreditation bodies or hinti parties that are involved in the performance of the contract;
 - must be treated by the receiving party with the same level of confidentiality as the receiving party uses to protect its own confidential information, but never with a lesser level of confidentiality than that which is reasonably required.
- Information for which the receiving party can furnish proofthat:
 - it was generally known at the time of disclosure or has become general knowledge without of this confidentiality clause by the receiving party; or
- it was disclosed to the receiving party by a third party entitled to disclose this information;
- the receiving party already possessed this information prior to disclosure by the disclosing party; or the receiving party developed it itself, irrespective of disclosure by the disclosing party, shall not be deemed to constitute "confidential information" as defined in this confidentiality clause.
- deemed to constitute controlental information as defined in this controlentality clause. All confidential information shall remain the property of the disclosing party. The receiving party hereby agrees to immediately (i) return all confidential information, including all copies, to the disclosing party, ander (ii) on request by the disclosing party, to destroy all confidential information including all copies, and confirm the destruction of this confidential information to the disclosing party in writing, at any time if so requested by the disclosing party but at the latest and without specia request after termination or expry of the contract. This does not extend to include reports are certificates prepared for the client soldly for the purpose of falling the obligations under the contract which shall remain with client. However, TDV Rheinland is entitled to make fits copies of sucreption, certificates and confidential information that forms the basis for preparing flesse reports accordingly and confidential information that forms the basis for preparing flesse reports accordingly and the contract of the contract
 - From the start of the contract and for a period of three years after termination or expiry of the contract the receiving party shall maintain strict secrecy of all confidential information and shall not disclose this information to any third parties or use it fortiself.

- TÜV Rheinland shall retain all exclusive copyrights in the reports, expert reports/opinions, test reports/results, results, calculations, presentations etc. prepared by TÜV Rheinland, unless otherwise agreed by the parties in a separate agreement. As the owner of the copyrights, TÜV Rheinland is free to grant others the right to use the work results for individual or all types of use (right of use?)
- The client receives a simple, unlimited, non-transferable, non-sublicensable right of use to the contents of the work results produced within the scope of the contract, unless otherwise agreed by parties in a separate agreement. The client may only use such reports, expert reportsdeptions test reports/results, results calculations, presentations etc. prepared within the scope of the contract for the contractions/agreed purpose.
- 11.3 The transfer of right of use of the generated work results regulated in clause 11.2. of the GTCB is subject to full payment of the remuneration agreed in favour of TÜVRheinland.
 - The client may use work results only complete and unshortened. The client may only pass on the w results in full unless TÜV Rheinland has given its prior written consent to the partial passing on work results.
 - Any publication or duplication of the work results for advertising purposes or any further use of the work results beyond the scope regulaed in clause 11.2 needs the prior written approval of TÜx Rheinland in each individual case.
- TÜV Rheinland may revoke a once given approval according to clause 11.5 at any time without stating reasons. In this case, the client is obliged to stop the transfer of the work results immediately at his own expense and, as far as possible, to withdraw publications. 11.6
- The consent of TÜV Rheinland to publication or duplication of the work results does not entitle the client to use the corporate logo, corporate design or test/certification mark of TÜV Rheinland.

Liability of TÜV Rheinland

- Lability of TUV Rheinland in Trespective of the label as the fullest actant permitted by applicable law, in the event of a breach of contractual obligations or tost, the labelity of TUV Rheinland for all damages, losses and removement of expenses caused by TUV Rheinland, its legal prepresentatives and/or employees shall be limited to: (i) in the case of a contract with a fixed overall fee, three times the overall fee for entire contract, (ii) in the case of a contract for amusally recurring services, the agreed annual fee.

 Euro or equivalent simple of the contract fee of the con
- The limitation of liability according to article 12.1 above shall not apply to damages and/or losser caused by makee, intent or gross negligence on the part of TOV Rheinland or its vicanous agents. Such limitation shall not apply to damage for a person's death, physical injury of liness. In cases involving a fundamental breach of contract, TOV Rheinland will be liable even where mino negligence is involved. For this purpose, a "fundamental breach" is breach of a material contractual obligation, the performance of which permits the due performance of the contract. Any claim for foreseen as a possible consequence of such breach of contract at the time of the Ereach (reasonable) foreseened bedamages), unless any of the circumstances described in article 12.2 applies.
- TUV Rheinland shall not be liable for the acts of the personnel made available by the support TUV Rheinland in the performance of its services under the contract, unless such in made available is regarded as vaccious apent of TUV Rheinland. If TUV Rheinland is not indemnity TuV Rheinland is not indemnity TUV Rheinland against any claims made by third parties arising from or in connecsuous personnels acts.
- Unless otherwise contractually agreed in writing, TÜV Rheinland shall only be liable under the contract to the client.
- The limitation periods for claims for damages shall be based on statutory provisions None of the provisions of this article 12 changes the burden of proof to the disadvantage of the clien

- When passing on the services provided by TÜV Rheinland or parts thereof to third parties in Greater China or other regions, the client must comply with the respectively applicable regulations of national and international export control law.
 - The performance of a contract with the client is subject to the proviso that there are no obstacles to performance due to national or international foreign trade legislations or embargos and/or sanctions in the event of a violation, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to terminate the contract with immediate effect and the client shall compensate for the losses incured thereof by TÜV Rheinland.

Use protection horize

TUV Rheinland processes personal data of the client for the purpose of fulfilling this contract. In addition TUV Rheinland also processes the data for other legal purposes in accordance with the relevant legal sea. The personal data of the client will only be disclosed to other natural or legal persons if the legal sea. The personal data of the client will only be disclosed to other natural or legal persons if the legal remodelably as soon as a corresponding resion to deletion arises. Data subjects may exercise the following rights right of information, right of redestination, right of redestination as well as the right to revoke their connected at any time with effect for the future, as well as the right to file at only redestination of personal data by TÜV Rheinland as the person responsible or contract processor, please refer to the respective data protection information. You can contact the Group Data Protection Offerer of TÜV Rheinland by e-mail at detensich/tz@dis.futv.com or by post at the following address: TÜV Rheinland AG, of Group Data Protection Offerer. An Grausn Stian, 1710 Ecologia, German Standard Contracts and Co

- 15.1 The risk and costs for freight and transport of documents or test materials/samples to and from TUV Rheinland as well as the costs of necessary disposal measures shall be borne by the client. TÜV Rheinland will be only lable for the direct loss of test materials/samples in the laboratories or warehouses of TÜV Rheinland only in case of gross negligence.
- 15.2Any destroyed and otherwise worthless test materials/samples will be disposed of by TÛV Rheinland for the client at the expense of the client, unless otherwise agreed.
- aged test materials/samples shall be stored by TÜV Rheinland for four (4) weeks after completion of the test. If a longer storage period is desired, TÜV Rheinland charges an appropriate storage fee.
- 15.4After the expiry of the 4 weeks or any longer period agreed upon, the test materials/samples will be disposed of by TÜV Rheinland for the client for a fee in accordance with clause 15.2.
- test materialishamples or documentations are given to the client to be placed in storage at their premises, the test materialishamples or documentations must be made available to TUV Prehinal or made available to TUV Prehinal or making available to the test materialishamples and/or documentation, any slabitly claims for material and pecuniary damage resulting from the respective testing and certification that is throught forward by the client against TUV Prehinalism shall be voided.

16. Termination of the contract

- Termination of the contract.

 Notwithstanding clause 3 of the GTCB, TDV Rheinland and the client are entitled to terminate the contract in its entirety or, in the case of services combined in one contract, each of the combined parts of the contract individually and independently of the continuation of the remaining services with siz (6) months notice to the end of the contractually agreed term. The notice period shall be shortened to six (6) weeks in case TDV Rheinland is prevented from performing the services due to a loss or a suspension of its accreditation or notification.
- 16.2For good causes, TÜV Rheinland may consider giving a written notice to the client to terminate the contract which includes but not limited to the following:
- a) the client does not immediately notify TÜV Rheinland of changes in the conditions within the company which are relevant for certification or signs of such changes;
- b) the client misuses the certificate or certification mark or uses it in violation of the contract:
- c) in the event of several consecutive delays in payment (at least three times);
- d) a substantial deterioration of the financial circumstances of the client occurs and as a result the payment claims of TDV Rheinland under the contract are considerably endangered and TDV Rheinland cannot reasonably be expected to continue the contractualrelationship.
 - e) in the event of any serious misrepresentation, be it by intentional fraud or grossly negligen behavior of the managers, employees or agents of the client;
 - f) if TÜV Rheinland, for reasons beyond its control, is temporarily or finally not able or entitled to continue or finalize the performance of the service, e.g. in case of force majeure, government interference, sanctions, loss of accreditation or notification, or other.
- the event of termination with written notice by TÜV Rheinland for good cause, TÜV Rheinland shall be entitled to a lump-sum claim for damages against the client if the conditions of a claim for damages exist. In this case, the client shall ow cliss? of the remuneration to be paid until the end of the fixed contract term as lump-sum compressation. The client reserves the right to prove a continent so no damage and considerably lower damage. TÜV Rheinland reserves the right to prove a considerably higher damage in

17. Force Majeure

- 17.1"Force Majeure' means the occurrence of an event or circumstance that prevents or impedes a Party from performing one or more of its contractual obligations under the contract, if and to the extent that that Party proves: (a) that such impedients is beyond its reasonable control and (b) that it could not reasonably have been ordered and the time of the contract, and (c) that the effects of the impediment could not reasonably have been avoided or overcome by the affected Party.
- In the absence of proof to the contrary, the following events affecting a Party shall be presumed to fulfi conditions (a) and (b) under paragraph 1 of this Clause: (i) war (whether declared or not), hostilities invasion, act of foreign enemies, extensive military noticization; (ii) o'this ver, not rebellon and revolution, military or usurped power, insurrection, act of terrorism, sabolage or prizery, (iii) currency and restriction, embarge, sentation; (iv) add of authority whether levalut or unishabit, compliance with any law or entricular disaster or extreme natural event; (vi) explosion, fire, destruction of equipment, protonged break-down of transport, telecommunication, information system or energy, (vi) general abort disturbance such as boycott, strike and lock-out, go-slow, occupation of factories and premises.
- as boycut, since and lock-out, g-asive, occupiano of racionies and premises.

 The Party successfully invoking files Clause is relieved from its duty to perform its obligations under the contract and from any liability in damages or from any other contractual remety for breach of contract, from the time at which the impediment causes hability to perform, provided that the notice thereof is given without delay. If notice thereof is not given without delay, the relief is effective from the time at which notice thereof reaches the other Party. Where the effect of the impediment invoked as temporary, the above consequences shall apply only as long as the impediment invoked mixed is temporary, the above consequences shall apply only as long as the impediment invoked mixed is temporary, the above consequences shall apply only as long as the impediment invoked mixed is temporary, the above consequences shall apply only as long as the impediment invoked as the effect of substantially destroing the contracting Parters of what they were reasonably entitled to expect under the other Party. Unless otherwise agreed, the Parties expressly agree that the contract may be terminated by either Party if the duration of the impediment exceeds 120 days.

- 18.1 The Parties are bound to perform their contractual duties even if events have rendered performance more onerous than could reasonably have been anticipated at the time of the conclusion of the contract.
- 18.2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1 of this Clause, where a Party proves that:
- t could not reasonably have avoided or overcome the event or its consequences, the Parties are bound, within a reasonable time of the invocation of this Clause, to negotiate alternative contractual terms which reasonably allow to overcome the consequences of the event.
- 18.3. Where Clause 18.2 applies, but where the Parties have been unable to agree alternative contractual terms as provided in that paragraph, the Party invoking this Clause is entitled to terminate the contract, but cannot request adaptation by the judge or arbitrator without the agreement of theother Party.

19. Partial invalidity, written form, place of jurisdiction and dispute resolution

- All amendments and supplements must be in writing in order to be effective. This also applies to amendments and supplements to this clause 17.1.
- Should one or several of the provisions under the contract and/or these terms and conditions be or become ineffective, the contracting parties shall replace the invalid provision with a legally valid provision that comes closes to the content of the invalid provision in legal and commercial terms.
- Unless otherwise stipulated in the contract, the governing law of the contract and these terms and conditions shall be chosen following the rules as below:
- if TÜV Rheinland in question is legally registered and existing in the People's Republic of China, the contracting parties hereby agree that the contract and these terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of the People's Republic of China. b) if TÜV Rheinland in question is legally registered and existing in Taiwan, the contracting parties hereby agree that the contract and these terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of Taiwan.
- c) if TÜV Rheinland in question is legally registered and existing in Hong Kong, the contracting parties hereby agree that the contract and these terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of Hong
- less otherwise stipulated in the contract, if no settlement or no agreement in respect of the extension of the negotiation period can be reached within two months of the arising of the dispute, the dispute shall be submitted:
- in the case of TDV Rheinland in question being legally registered and existing in the People's Republic of China. to China international Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (CETAC) to be settled by arbitration under the Arbitration Rules of CETAC in force when the arbitration is submitted. The arbitration arbitration shall take place in Beijing, Shanghai, Shenzhen or Chongging as appropriately chosen by the claiming party.
- b) in the case of TÜV Rheinland in question being legally registered and existing in Taiwan, to Chinese Arbitration Association, Taipei to be arbitrated in accordance with its then current Rules of Arbitration. The arbitration shall take place in Taipei.
- c) in the case of TÜV Rheinland being legally registered and existing in Hong Kong, to Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre (HKIAC) to be settled by arbitration under the HKIAC Administered Arbitration Rules in force when the Notice of Arbitration is submitted in accordance with these rules. The arbitration shall take place in Hong Kong.
- The decision of the relevant arbitration tribunal shall be final and binding on both parties. The arbitration fee shall be borne by the losing party.